⇒内容理解の活動

本文の段落分け・タイトリングで大意をつかむ

⇒手順

段階	指導内容	生徒の学習活動	備考
	Let's divide the sentence into		
	paragraphs, and give each paragraph		
	a title.		
	① If you can, please do not use your	① 大意をつかむので、できるだ	生徒がキーワードだと
	dictionary. The title should be	け辞書は使わない。長すぎると	思う語については辞書
	as short as possible. If possible,	要約(タイトリング)にならな	を使わせて理解させる。
	please make it with one sentence.	いので注意する。	
初見の段階			
	《 after a while 》		
	2 Let's discuss with your partner.	② ペアと話し合うことで更に	
	You can use Japanese if needed,	理解を深める。	
	but please use as many English		
	as possible.		

つここに注目

- ・どこで段落が分かれるのかなど、最初にエッセイの構造等を理解させる必要がある。
- ・初見の文章を理解するので本文が比較的平易なときに行うとよい。

つこの活動の利点

- ・初見の英文を、日本語に頼ることなく内容理解できる。
- ・タイトルを1文で付けるので簡潔にポイントを押さえることになり、要点を見付ける能力を付けることができる。

(Dividing Sentences into Paragraph and Give them a Title)

When I was twelve, I went to Africa with my father.

I saw children there eating watermelons.

There were lots of flies on the fruit but children didn't mind.

I was shocked by this sight.

Since then I have been interested in people who live in different cultures.

I traveled to some developing countries when I was a university student.

I saw doctors from developed countries saving people's lives.

Then I thought to myself, "If the doctors leave here, the people will not survive."

The doctors' actions didn't seem to solve the real problem.

I wasn't involved in international cooperation activities right after I became a doctor.

However, I still kept asking myself, "What can I do to help people in other countries?"

When I was thirty - five, I decided to join MSF to seek the answer to my question.